

## 7-5A Properties of Logarithms

Since logarithms are actually exponents, they follow the same simplifying rules as exponents.

$$x^3 \cdot x^4 = x^7$$

### Product Property of Logarithms

Ex:  $\log_3 4 + \log_3 7 = \log_3 28$

7-5B

Ex:  $\log_5 20 = \log_5 4 + \log_5 5$

7-5A

$$= \log_5 2 + \log_5 10$$

$$\log_5 1 + \log_5 20$$

### Quotient Property of Logarithms

$$\frac{x^7}{x^5} = x^2$$

Ex:  $\log_5 \frac{12}{7} = \log_5 12 - \log_5 7$

7-5A

Ex:  $\log_3 10 - \log_3 2 = \log_3 \left( \frac{10}{2} \right)$

7-5B

$$\log_3 5$$

# Power Property of Logarithms

$$(x^3)^4 = x^{12}$$

Ex:  $\log_2 5^3 = 3 \cdot \log_2 5$   
7-5A

Ex:  $3 \log_7 4 = \log_7 4^3$   
7-5B  
 $\log_7 64$

Use the following decimal approximates to evaluate the following logarithms.

1. If  $\log_2 3 \approx 1.5850$ , then find  $\log_2 48$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \log_2 48 &= \log_2 (2^4 \cdot 3) \\ \log_2 48 &= \log_2 2^4 + \log_2 3 \\ \log_2 48 &= 4 + 1.5850 \\ \log_2 48 &\approx 5.5850 \end{aligned}$$

2. If  $\log_5 2 \approx 0.4307$ , then find  $\log_5 250$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \log_5 250 &= \log_5 (5^3 \cdot 2) \\ \log_5 250 &= \log_5 5^3 + \log_5 2 \\ \log_5 250 &= 3 + 0.4307 \\ \log_5 250 &\approx 3.4307 \end{aligned}$$

3. If  $\log_6 8 \approx 1.1606$  and  $\log_6 32 \approx 1.9343$ , then find  $\log_6 4$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \log_6 4 &= \log_6 \left( \frac{32}{8} \right) \\ \log_6 4 &= \log_6 32 - \log_6 8 \\ \log_6 4 &= 1.9343 - 1.1606 \\ \log_6 4 &\approx 0.7737 \end{aligned}$$

$$\log 3 = \log_{10} 3$$

$$10^? = 3$$

$$2^? = 32$$

$$2^? = 48$$

$$2^? = 64$$

$$2^? = 48$$

$$3, 2$$

$$4, 8$$

$$12$$

$$4, 12$$

$$9, 2, 12$$

Use the following decimal approximates to evaluate the following logarithms.

$$\frac{1}{4} \quad 3,5,20 \quad \left(\frac{5}{20}\right)$$

4. If  $\log_3 5 \approx 1.4652$  and  $\log_3 20 \approx 2.7268$ , then find  $\log_3(1/4)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \log_3\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) &= \log_3\left(\frac{5}{20}\right) \\ \log_3\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) &= \log_3 5 - \log_3 20 \\ \log_3\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) &= 1.4652 - 2.7268 \\ \log_3\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) &\approx -1.2616 \end{aligned}$$

5. If  $\log_4 6 \approx 1.2925$ , then find  $\log_4 36$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \log_4 36 &= \log_4(6^2) \\ \log_4 36 &= 2 \cdot \log_4 6 \\ \log_4 36 &= 2(1.2925) \\ \log_4 36 &\approx 2.5850 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_4 36 &= \log_4(6 \cdot 6) \\ \log_4 36 &= \log_4 6 + \log_4 6 \\ \log_4 36 &= 1.2925 + 1.2925 \\ \log_4 36 &\approx 2.5850 \end{aligned}$$

P. 488, 489  
12 - ~~16~~ evens  
20 - 22 e  
28 - 34 e

Step 1      Step 2

$\times \rightarrow +$

$\div \rightarrow -$

$\wedge \rightarrow \times$

Step 3: Subst.

Step 4: Simplify eval.